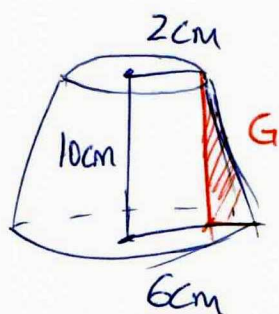


12. CALCULATE THE LATERAL AREA, SURFACE AREA AND VOLUME OF A TRUNCATED CONE WITH RADIUS OF 2 AND 6 CM AND A HEIGHT OF 10 CM



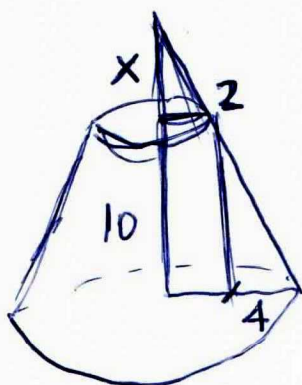
$$A_L = \pi \cdot (r + R) \cdot G = 3.14 \cdot (2 + 6) \cdot 10.8 = 2707 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$G^2 = 4^2 + 10^2 = 116 ; G = \sqrt{116} \approx 10.8 \text{ cm}$$

$$A_T = A_L + A_{B_1} + A_{B_2} =$$

$$= 2707 + \pi \cdot 6^2 + \pi \cdot 2^2 = 3964 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$V_C = V_{C_1} - V_{C_2} = \frac{1}{3} A_{B_1} \cdot h_1 - \frac{1}{3} A_{B_2} \cdot h_2 = [1]$$

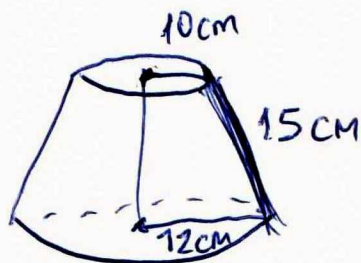


$$\begin{array}{c} x \\ 2 \end{array} \times \begin{array}{c} 10 \\ 4 \end{array} \quad x = \frac{20}{4} = 5 ; h_2 = 5 ; h_1 = 10 + 5 = 15$$

$$[1] = \frac{1}{3} \cdot \pi \cdot 6^2 \cdot 15 - \frac{1}{3} \cdot \pi \cdot 2^2 \cdot 5 =$$

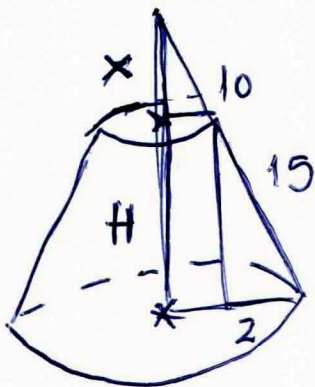
$$= 5445 \text{ cm}^3$$

- 13) CALCULATE THE LATERAL AREA, SURFACE AREA AND VOLUME OF A TRUNCATED CONE WITH RADII OF 12 AND 10cm AND A SLANT HEIGHT OF 15 CM.



$$A_L = \pi \cdot (r + R) \cdot G = 3\frac{1}{4} \cdot (10 + 12) \cdot 15 = 1036\frac{1}{4} \text{ cm}^2$$

$$A_T = A_{B_1} + A_{B_2} + A_L = \pi \cdot 12^2 + \pi \cdot 10^2 + 1036\frac{1}{4} = 1803\frac{1}{2} \text{ cm}^2$$



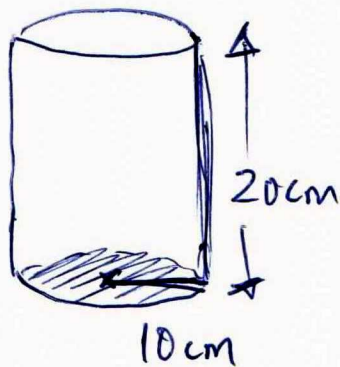
$$\begin{aligned} 15^2 &= 2^2 + H^2; \\ 225 &= 4 + H^2; \quad 221 = H^2; \\ H &= \sqrt{221} \approx 14\frac{1}{9} \text{ cm} \end{aligned}$$

$$x = \frac{14\frac{1}{9}}{2} \approx 7\frac{1}{3} \text{ cm}$$

$$h_2 = 7\frac{1}{3}; \quad h_1 = 7\frac{1}{3} + 14\frac{1}{9} = 89\frac{1}{2} \text{ cm}$$

$$\begin{aligned} V &= V_{C_1} - V_{C_2} = \frac{1}{3} \cdot 12^2 \cdot 89\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{3} \cdot 10^2 \cdot 74\frac{1}{3} \approx \\ &\approx 1805 \text{ cm}^3 \end{aligned}$$

- 15) CALCULATE THE QUANTITY OF SHEET METAL THAT WOULD BE NEEDED TO MAKE 10 CYLINDRICAL CANISTERS WITH A DIAMETER OF 10 CM AND A HEIGHT OF 20 CM.



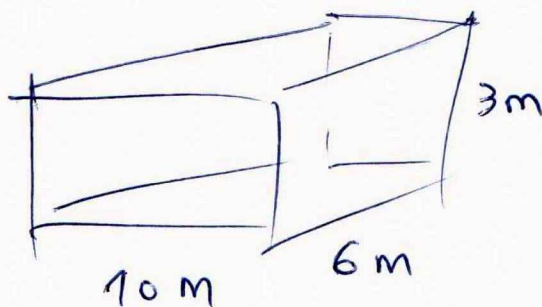
$$A_T = A_B + A_L$$

$$A_B = \pi \cdot 10^2 = 100\pi \approx 314 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$A_L = 2\pi R \cdot H = 2 \cdot 314 \cdot 10 \cdot 20 = 12560 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$\text{Total: } 10 \times 12560 = 125600 \text{ cm}^2 = 12.56 \text{ m}^2$$

- 16) HOW MANY SQUARE TILES (20 cm x 20 cm) ARE NEEDED TO COAT THE SIDES AND BASE OF A POOL WHICH IS 10 M LONG, 6 M WIDE AND 3 M DEEP.



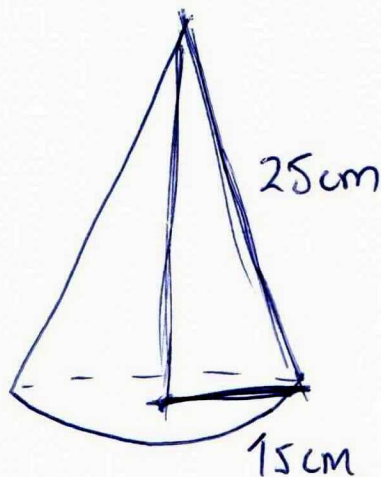
$$A_T = 10 \cdot 6 + 2 \cdot 10 \cdot 3 + 2 \cdot 6 \cdot 3 = 60 + 60 + 36 = 156 \text{ m}^2 =$$

$$1560000 \text{ cm}^2 ; A_{\text{tile}} = 20 \times 20 = 400 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$1560000 : 400 = 3900 \text{ tiles.}$$



- 17) FOR A PARTY, LOUIS HAS MADE ABOUT 10 CONICAL HATS OUT OF CARDBOARD. HOW MUCH CARDBOARD WAS USED IN TOTAL IF EACH HAT HAS A RADIUS OF 15 CM AND A SLANT HEIGHT OF 25 CM?



$$A_L = \pi \cdot R \cdot G = 3\frac{1}{4} \cdot 15 \cdot 25 =$$

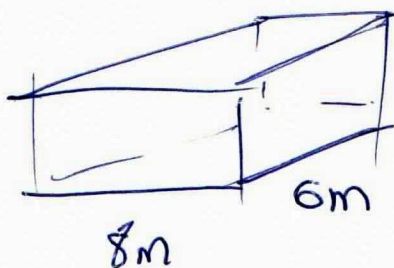
$$= 1178 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$10 \cdot 1178 \text{ cm}^2 = 11780 \text{ cm}^2 = 1.178 \text{ m}^2$$

- 18) A SWIMMING POOL IS 8 M LONG, 6 M WIDE AND 1.5 M DEEP. THE WATER RESISTANT PAINT NEEDED FOR THE POOL COSTS \$6 PER SQUARE METER.

a) HOW MUCH WILL IT COST TO PAINT THE INTERIOR SURFACES OF THE POOL?

b) HOW MANY LITERS OF WATER WILL BE NEEDED TO FILL IT?



$$a) A = 8 \cdot 6 + 2 \cdot 8 \cdot 1.5 + 2 \cdot 6 \cdot 1.5 =$$

$$= 48 + 24 + 18 = 90 \text{ m}^2$$

$$6 \cdot 90 = \$540$$

$$b) V = 8 \cdot 6 \cdot 1.5 = 72 \text{ m}^3$$